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ПРЕДИСЛОВИЕ

Основная цель данного пособия — помочь ученикам 7-го класса в освоении грамматики английского языка, в развитии и автоматизации навыков чтения и умения правильно употреблять грамматические формы в устной и письменной речи.

Пособие может служить дополнением к учебнику для 7-го класса и использоваться как на уроках и факультативах, так и для самостоятельной работы дома. В конце книги даны ключи.

Лексический материал сгруппирован по темам (Units). В начале некоторых тем даны тренировочные тексты, знакомящие с новыми лексическими единицами.

Каждый грамматический раздел содержит краткую теоретическую часть, представленную в виде схем и таблиц с примерами, и тренировочные упражнения для развития и совершенствования грамматических навыков.

Приступая к работе, необходимо внимательно прочитать задание к упражнению и пример его выполнения.

Успехов в изучении английского языка!

UNIT 1. APPEARANCE

Lesson 1

Конструкции *look...*, *look like...*

1. Прочитай.

good-looking (красивый, приятной внешности) — a good-looking woman, a good-looking girl. Who was that good-looking girl we met yesterday? Mary is a very good-looking girl.

sun-tanned (загорелый) — to be sun-tanned, to get sun-tanned, to look sun-tanned. He got sun-tanned very quickly at the seaside.

freckles (веснушки) — to have freckles, to have freckles all over the face, to have no freckles. Jane was sun-tanned and had freckles all over her face.

fair (светлый) — fair hair. Rosie has long fair hair. She had her long fair hair cut.

straight (прямой) — straight, a straight line, straight hair. Her hair was straight and shoulder-length.

curly (вьющийся, кудрявый) — curly hair. My friend has blond curly hair.

skin (кожа) — skin, dark skin, sun-tanned skin. When he came from the south he had nice sun-tanned skin.

pale (бледный) — pale, pale skin. Whose skin looks pale? She looked a bit pale.

fat (жирный, толстый) — fat, fatter, slightly fatter. He looked slightly fatter after summer.

fit (в хорошей форме, здоровый, бодрый) — fit, to keep fit, fitter. Who looks fit? Tom took up sport and was much fitter.

friendly (дружеский) — friendly, to look quite friendly, to be friendly. The boys were active and friendly. You are kind, polite and friendly.

Look + adjective (какой?)	look like + noun (кто?/что?)
They look <u>quiet</u>. Они выглядят какими? — Тихими.	He looks like <u>his father</u>. Он похож на кого? — На своего отца.

2. Подчеркни правильный вариант.

1. My friend always looks/looks like beautiful.
2. My grandparents look/look like happy.
3. Jim looks/looks like James Bond.

4. My aunt **looks/looks like** more than forty.
5. If she wears this dress she will **look/look like** Snow-Maiden.
6. My cousin eats a lot and **looks/looks like** really fat.
7. They **look/look like** little angels.
8. Helen **looks/looks like** a real model.
9. She **looks/looks like** so romantic in her new dress.
10. All my classmates **look/look like** real sportsmen.

3. Поставь общий вопрос и дай краткий ответ.

1. The building looked terrible.

Did the building look terrible? Yes, it did.

2. All members of my family looked tired. _____

3. Nick looks like his father. _____

4. They did not look like students. _____

5. My friend will look like a famous singer. _____

6. She looks rather attractive. _____

7. My friends looked like real tourists. _____

8. She doesn't look ugly. _____

9. Olga looks like an actress. _____

10. Jim and Nick look like brothers. _____

4. Поставь специальный вопрос.

1. I look like my mother. *Who looks like his mother?*

2. The shop looked well-decorated. **What** _____ ?

3. The pupil looked tired. **How** _____ ?

4. The boys will look like brave soldiers in their new uniform.
Who _____ ?

5. She looks so attractive. **How** _____ ?

6. Andrew looks like a dolphin in this costume.
What _____ ?

7. It looks like a big ball. **What** _____ ?

8. They looked pleased. **How** _____ ?

5. Переведи.

1. Летом у неё много веснушек на лице и она похожа на солнышко.

2. Елена часто улыбается и выглядит дружелюбной.

3. Если он наденет эту шляпу, он будет похож на известного актёра.

4. Она похожа на Золушку. _____

5. Он выглядит таким романтическим. _____

6. Если Петя наденет очки, он будет похож на Гарри Поттера.

7. Это животное выглядит диким и опасным.

8. Она похожа на английскую школьницу.

6. Найди правильную пару.

1. She has long fair hair and pale skin.

a) He looks so tired.

b) She looks like Snow-Maiden.

2. The boy works hard the whole month.

c) He looks really fat.

d) They look healthy.

3. They go in for sports.

e) He looks like an angel.

4. The boy eats a lot of sweets.

f) It looked like a castle.

5. The house had many rooms.

g) He looks serious.

6. The girl often borrows books from the library.

h) She looks really beautiful.

i) They look like two peas.

7. These boys are twins.

j) She likes to read.

8. Jim is always busy.

9. Her daughter is as pretty as a picture.

10. Our baby-brother is so nice.

7. Исправь ошибку.

1. The animals look like dangerous. _____

2. My friends look likes beautiful. _____

3. He looks Harry Potter. _____

4. She don't look like a sun-tanned child. _____

5. My uncle looks like more than forty. _____

6. She look very friendly and active.

7. He looks likes a famous designer.

8. Mike doesn't looks sporty and healthy.

9. Kate looks like funny with her freckles all over the face.

10. Masha looks a British schoolchild.

Lesson 2

Образование прилагательных. Степени сравнения.

.....

8. Прочитай.

character (характер) — a man of character, a bad character. She has a nice character — kind, polite, friendly and full of optimism.

What kind of person is he? = What's his character?

appearance (внешность) — nice appearance, pleasant appearance. Appearance is the way you look. What is more important: character or appearance?

pretty (привлекательный) — a pretty girl, a pretty woman. She looks really pretty with short wavy red hair.

handsome (красивый — о мужчине) — a handsome man, a handsome boy. She looked like a handsome boy. I think Nick is handsome.

ugly (уродливый) — an ugly looking house, an ugly man. A smiling face can't be ugly.

lovely (красивый, восхитительный) — a lovely dress, a lovely story, a lovely picture. The girl looked lovely with her freckles and straight fair hair.

opinion (мнение) — to give opinion, to agree (disagree) with somebody's opinion, to express opinion. I gave my opinion about that idea. In my opinion, this is the most boring film I have ever seen.

shoulder-length (длиной до плеч) — shoulder-length hair. He wore his hair shoulder-length. Nina had shoulder-length blond hair.

Одно- и двусложные прилагательные образуют степени сравнения с помощью суффиксов.

положительная степень	сравнительная степень	превосходная степень
small	small + er = smaller	small + est = <u>the</u> smallest
big	big + er = <u>bigger</u>	big + est = <u>the</u> biggest
funny	funny + er = <u>funnier</u>	funny + est = <u>the</u> <u>funniest</u>

Исключения из правил составляют следующие прилагательные.

good bad little many much a lot of far	better worse less more farther further	the best the worst the least the most the farthest the furthest
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Многосложные прилагательные.

interesting	more interesting	the most interesting
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9. Напиши сравнительную и превосходную степени сравнения следующих прилагательных.

adjective прилагательное	comparative сравнительная степень	superlative превосходная степень
hot	hotter	the hottest
rich		
long		
expensive		
beautiful		
wonderful		
healthy		
bad		
lovely		
many		

clever		
short		
handsome		

10. Подчеркни правильный вариант.

1. This building is **modern/more modern/the most modern** in our city.
2. Her hair is **long/longer/the longest** than her sister's.
3. He is a **handsome/more handsome/the most handsome** young man.
4. The weather in Britain is **bad/worse/the worst** than in Belarus.
5. The girl in this picture looks **pretty/prettier/the prettiest**.
6. Helen is **young/younger/the youngest** pupil in our class.
7. Frank looks **healthy/healthier/the healthiest** than Tim.
8. Little Ann is **quiet/more quiet/the most quiet** child I have ever seen.
9. Of all the pupils at my school, Jim is **popular/more popular/the most popular**.
10. Jane is **polite/politer/the politest** girl in our group.

11. Напиши пропущенные степени сравнения прилагательных.

<i>merry</i>	<i>merrier</i>	<i>the merriest</i>
_____	_____	the most unpleasant
grey _____	_____	_____
_____	_____	the worst
sensitive		
_____	better _____	_____
_____	farther _____	_____
_____	_____	the least

12. Напиши правильную степень сравнения прилагательных, данных в скобках.

1. You are (friendly) person here.
*You are **the most friendly** person here.*
2. She is much (kind) than her sister. _____
3. It was the (bad) time in my life. _____
4. She is (intelligent) pupil in our class. _____
5. Winter is (cold) than autumn. _____
6. John Lennon is one of (famous) singers in the world.

7. My sister Mary is (young) in the family. _____
8. Sally is (clever) than other girls in her class. _____
9. Nick is (short) of his friends. _____
10. Betty is (tall) than her brother. _____
11. He was a bit sad yesterday but he looks (happy) today.

12. She is one of (nice) people I know. _____

13. Ответь на вопросы.

1. Which day of the year is the longest? _____
2. Who is the youngest in your class? _____
3. What subject do you like best of all? _____
4. Does your friend speak English better than you?

5. Who has more good marks than you? _____
6. Does your friend run faster than you? _____
7. What month of the year is the shortest? _____
8. Which continent is the biggest? _____
9. Who is the tallest pupil in your class? _____
10. Who can jump higher than your friend? _____

14. Исправь ошибку.

1. Josh is taller of all the boys in the school. _____
2. His work is difficulter than our work. _____
3. It is the boringest programme on TV. _____
4. This exercise is bader than the last one. _____
5. This is the happier day of my life. _____
6. Tom is more taller than his father. _____
7. My sister is the quieter than me. _____
8. This is the most best book I've ever read. _____
9. My brother is two years oldest than me. _____
10. Martin is less carefulest than John. _____

Lesson 3

Used to

.....

used to do = V₂ (did)	I used to play with my toys when I was a child. = I played with my toys when I was a child.
раньше имел обыкновение делать (сейчас больше этого не делаю) = делал	Я имел обыкновение играть с игрушками, когда был ребёнком. = Я играл с игрушками, когда был ребёнком.
didn't use to do = V₂ (didn't do)	

15. Переведи.

1. She used to travel a lot, but now she likes to stay at home.

2. Dennis didn't use to play tennis, but he plays very often now.

3. This building is a shop. It used to be a cinema.

4. We used to live in a small village, but now we live in London.

5. I didn't use to have short hair. _____
6. He used to have problems at his English lessons, but now he speaks fluently. _____
7. My Granny used to grow vegetables in summer.

8. I used to go to the kindergarten in my childhood.

9. Sally used to have pets. But now she doesn't have any.

10. Sandra didn't use to eat a lot of sweets.

16. Напиши отрицание.

1. The pupils used to take exams.
The pupils didn't use to take exams.
2. My friend used to meet Olga on the way to school every morning.

3. Dave used to wear jeans and T-shirts. _____
 4. Sam used to go in for swimming. _____
 5. We used to watch TV a lot. _____
 6. My grandfather used to ride a horse. _____
 7. Kate used to watch TV every day. _____
 8. Peter used to have breakfast at school. _____
-

17. Подчеркни правильный вариант.

1. My father used to go/use to go jogging.
2. Mary **doesn't used to spend/didn't use to spend** a lot of money on her clothes.
3. My sister **used to get/didn't used to get** only good marks at school.
4. They **used to give/used to gave** presents to each other.
5. The aunt **used to keep/used to kept** to a diet.
6. Ted **used to go/use to go** in for swimming.
7. We **used to go/used to went** to Paris at Christmas.
8. Nelly **used to cook a meal/uses cooked a meal** for the whole family.
9. John **used to work/use to work** in this shop.
10. My uncle **used to travelled/used to travel** a lot when he was younger.

18. Найди правильную пару.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. It used to take me an hour to get to work by bus. | a) He gave up smoking 3 years ago. |
| 2. They didn't use to travel every summer. | b) Now they live in their own house. |
| 3. Oleg used to smoke every day. | c) It takes me 20 minutes to get to work by car now. |
| 4. They used to live in a flat in Minsk. | d) She is a doctor now. |
| 5. My sister used to be a student. | e) Now they travel round Europe every year. |
| 6. I didn't use to have freckles in summer. | f) I have millions of them when the weather is sunny. |
| 7. We used to eat meat. | g) She is a pensioner now. |
| 8. Greg used to be very lazy when he was a child. | h) She doesn't do it any more. |
| 9. My Granny used to work on a farm. | i) He is very hardworking now. |
| 10. Jane used to climb the trees with her brother. | j) Now we only eat vegetables. |

19. Переведи.

1. Когда я была ученицей, я часто ходила в парк с родителями.

2. Раньше у неё были короткие волосы, а теперь до плеч.

3. Раньше он играл в хоккей, но теперь не играет.

4. Когда она была ребёнком, она ела много конфет.

5. Когда мне было 6 лет, я читал много книг.

6. Мой брат не ходил в театр, когда был моложе.

7. Анна раньше не ездила на велосипеде.

8. Мой дедушка пил много кофе, а сейчас он пьёт только чай.

9. Пётр раньше носил бороду. _____
10. Ивановы раньше жили в Витебске, а теперь живут в Минске.

20. Исправь ошибку.

1. They used to phoned each other every week.

2. I doesn't use to visit so many parties.

3. Oleg didn't used to look sun-tanned.

4. She used to wrote letters to her granny.

5. Nelly didn't used to cook. _____
6. Alice used to visit her dentist last week.

7. We didn't use to go to this supermarket yesterday.

8. Bob use to wake up late, but now he has to get up early.

Lesson 4

Used to (вопросительные предложения)

21. Прочитай.

wavy (волнистый) — a wavy line, wavy hair. Mike has dark wavy hair. Boys don't like wavy hair. Jane made her hair wavy. Her wavy hair looked nice.

blond (блондин; белокурый) — blond, blond hair. She has shoulder-length blond hair. She wears her long straight blond hair loose.

pony-tail (причёска — «конский хвостик») — a pony-tail. Girls like to wear their hair in pony-tails. She looked very beautiful with her pony-tail.

a bit (немного) — a bit tired, a bit funny, a bit sad, a bit shorter/longer, a bit pale. Anna looked a bit tired after work. We felt a bit sad. He made his hair a bit shorter.

slightly (слегка) — slightly, slightly longer, slightly shorter, slightly fatter, slightly slimmer. She looked slightly fatter after her holidays.

Nick used to ride a motorcycle in summer. Ник раньше ездил на мотоцикле летом.	Общий вопрос: Did Nick use to ride a motorcycle in summer? Ник раньше ездил на мотоцикле летом?
	Специальный вопрос: What did Nick use to ride in summer? На чём Ник раньше ездил летом? When did Nick use to ride a motorcycle? Когда Ник раньше ездил на мотоцикле?

22. Поставь общий вопрос.

1. He used to play hockey 2 years ago.

Did he use to play hockey 2 years ago?

2. Mike used to ride a bike very well. _____
to ride a bike very well?

3. The pupils used to wear suits. _____
to wear suits?

4. My friend used to ask questions very often. _____
to ask questions very often?

5. She used to skate very well. _____
to skate very well?

6. Pete used to be in love with Kate. _____
to be in love with Kate?

7. Jim used to eat a lot of ice-cream when he was a child. _____
 _____ to eat a lot of ice-cream when he was a child?
8. Betty used to be my best friend but we aren't friends any longer.
 _____ to be your best friend?
9. When we lived in London, we used to go to the theatre very often.
 _____ to go to the theatre very often when you lived
 in London?
10. Mike used to study hard when he was a schoolboy.
 _____ to study hard when he was a schoolboy?

23. Поставь специальный вопрос.

1. Olga used to like apples when she was a child.
What fruit did Olga use to like when she was a child?
2. They used to live in the country. **Where** _____ ?
3. My brother used to jog every morning.
What _____ ?
4. Susan used to travel a lot with her parents.
With whom _____ ?
5. It used to take me one hour to get to work.
How long _____ ?
6. Kate didn't use to have lunch at school.
Where _____ ?
7. My brother used to cut his hair short in summer.
When _____ ?
8. Liz used to play the piano every day.
How often _____ ?
9. Sam didn't use to eat a lot of cheese.
What _____ ?
10. This building used to be a cinema.
What _____ ?

24. Поставь специальный вопрос к подчёркнутым словам.

1. Make used to play the piano very well.
What instrument did Make use to play very well?
2. He used to drink a lot of milk when he was a child.

3. The boys used to go to the skating-rink to skate.